

Rekursion

Übungen

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)  
  
print(f(4))
```

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
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print(f(4))
```

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$f(4) = 2 + f(3)$$

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(4) &= 2 + f(3) \\ &= 2 + (2 + f(2))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(4) &= 2 + f(3) \\ &= 2 + (2 + f(2)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + f(1)))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(4) &= 2 + f(3) \\ &= 2 + (2 + f(2)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + f(1))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + f(0))))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(4) &= 2 + f(3) \\ &= 2 + (2 + f(2)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + f(1))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + f(0)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + 3)))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(4) &= 2 + f(3) \\ &= 2 + (2 + f(2)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + f(1))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + f(0)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + 3))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + 5))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(4) &= 2 + f(3) \\ &= 2 + (2 + f(2)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + f(1))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + f(0)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + 3))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + 5)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + 7)\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(4) &= 2 + f(3) \\ &= 2 + (2 + f(2)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + f(1))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + f(0)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + 3))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + 5)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + 7) \\ &= 2 + 9\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1

```
def f(n):  
    if n == 0:  
        return 3  
    else:  
        return 2 + f(n-1)
```

```
print(f(4))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(4) &= 2 + f(3) \\ &= 2 + (2 + f(2)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + f(1))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + f(0)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 2 + (2 + (2 + (2 + 3))) \\ &= 2 + (2 + (2 + 5)) \\ &= 2 + (2 + 7) \\ &= 2 + 9 \\ &= 11\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 2

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        return n + f(n-2)  
    else:  
        return 7  
  
print(f(5))
```

Aufgabe 2

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        return n + f(n-2)  
    else:  
        return 7
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$f(5) = 5 + f(3)$$

Aufgabe 2

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        return n + f(n-2)  
    else:  
        return 7
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned} f(5) &= 5 + f(3) \\ &= 5 + (3 + f(1)) \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 2

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        return n + f(n-2)  
    else:  
        return 7
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= 5 + f(3) \\ &= 5 + (3 + f(1)) \\ &= 5 + (3 + (1 + f(-1)))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 2

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        return n + f(n-2)  
    else:  
        return 7
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= 5 + f(3) \\ &= 5 + (3 + f(1)) \\ &= 5 + (3 + (1 + f(-1))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 5 + (3 + (1 + 7))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 2

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        return n + f(n-2)  
    else:  
        return 7
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= 5 + f(3) \\ &= 5 + (3 + f(1)) \\ &= 5 + (3 + (1 + f(-1))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 5 + (3 + (1 + 7)) \\ &= 5 + (3 + 8)\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 2

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        return n + f(n-2)  
    else:  
        return 7
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= 5 + f(3) \\ &= 5 + (3 + f(1)) \\ &= 5 + (3 + (1 + f(-1))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 5 + (3 + (1 + 7)) \\ &= 5 + (3 + 8) \\ &= 5 + 11\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 2

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        return n + f(n-2)  
    else:  
        return 7
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= 5 + f(3) \\ &= 5 + (3 + f(1)) \\ &= 5 + (3 + (1 + f(-1))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 5 + (3 + (1 + 7)) \\ &= 5 + (3 + 8) \\ &= 5 + 11 \\ &= 16\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)  
  
print(f(5))
```

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$f(5)$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$f(5) = f(4) + f(3)$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= f(4) + f(3) \\ &= (f(3) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(1))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= f(4) + f(3) \\ &= (f(3) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(1)) \\ &= ((f(2) + f(1)) + (f(1) + f(0))) + ((f(1) + f(0)) + 1)\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)  
  
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= f(4) + f(3) \\ &= (f(3) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(1)) \\ &= ((f(2) + f(1)) + (f(1) + f(0))) + ((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) \\ &= (((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) + (1 + 0)) + ((1 + 0) + 1)\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)  
  
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= f(4) + f(3) \\ &= (f(3) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(1)) \\ &= ((f(2) + f(1)) + (f(1) + f(0))) + ((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) \\ &= (((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) + (1 + 0)) + ((1 + 0) + 1) \\ &= (((1 + 0) + 1) + 1) + (1 + 1)\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= f(4) + f(3) \\ &= (f(3) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(1)) \\ &= ((f(2) + f(1)) + (f(1) + f(0))) + ((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) \\ &= (((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) + (1 + 0)) + ((1 + 0) + 1) \\ &= (((1 + 0) + 1) + 1) + (1 + 1) \\ &= ((1 + 1) + 1) + 2\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= f(4) + f(3) \\ &= (f(3) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(1)) \\ &= ((f(2) + f(1)) + (f(1) + f(0))) + ((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) \\ &= (((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) + (1 + 0)) + ((1 + 0) + 1) \\ &= (((1 + 0) + 1) + 1) + (1 + 1) \\ &= ((1 + 1) + 1) + 2 \\ &= (2 + 1) + 2\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= f(4) + f(3) \\ &= (f(3) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(1)) \\ &= ((f(2) + f(1)) + (f(1) + f(0))) + ((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) \\ &= (((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) + (1 + 0)) + ((1 + 0) + 1) \\ &= (((1 + 0) + 1) + 1) + (1 + 1) \\ &= ((1 + 1) + 1) + 2 \\ &= (2 + 1) + 2 \\ &= 3 + 2\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3

```
def f(n):  
    if n < 2:  
        return n  
    else:  
        return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
```

```
print(f(5))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(5) &= f(4) + f(3) \\ &= (f(3) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(1)) \\ &= ((f(2) + f(1)) + (f(1) + f(0))) + ((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) \\ &= (((f(1) + f(0)) + 1) + (1 + 0)) + ((1 + 0) + 1) \\ &= (((1 + 0) + 1) + 1) + (1 + 1) \\ &= ((1 + 1) + 1) + 2 \\ &= (2 + 1) + 2 \\ &= 3 + 2 \\ &= 5\end{aligned}$$

Bemerkung: Die rekursiv definierte Funktion f definiert die *Fibonacci-Folge*

1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, ...

in der jede Zahl, abgesehen von der ersten, die Summe ihrer beiden unmittelbaren Vorgänger ist.

Die rekursive Definition ist äusserst ineffizient, da dieselben Rechnungen wiederholt ausgeführt werden.

Eine bessere Implementierung würde z. B. bereits berechnete Resultate in einer Tabelle zwischenspeichern.

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$f(7) = 3 \cdot f(5)$$

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(7) &= 3 \cdot f(5) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot f(3))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(7) &= 3 \cdot f(5) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot f(3)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot f(2)))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(7) &= 3 \cdot f(5) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot f(3)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot f(2))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot f(1))))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(7) &= 3 \cdot f(5) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot f(3)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot f(2))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot f(1)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot 5)))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(7) &= 3 \cdot f(5) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot f(3)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot f(2))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot f(1)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot 5))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot 10))\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(7) &= 3 \cdot f(5) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot f(3)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot f(2))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot f(1)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot 5))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot 10)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot 20)\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(7) &= 3 \cdot f(5) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot f(3)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot f(2))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot f(1)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot 5))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot 10)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot 20) = 3 \cdot 60\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4

```
def f(n):  
    if n > 4:  
        return 3*f(n-2)  
    elif n > 1:  
        return 2*f(n-1)  
    else:  
        return 5  
  
print(f(7))
```

$$\begin{aligned}f(7) &= 3 \cdot f(5) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot f(3)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot f(2))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot f(1)))) \\ &\stackrel{*}{=} 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot 5))) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot 10)) \\ &= 3 \cdot (3 \cdot 20) = 3 \cdot 60 = 180\end{aligned}$$