

Aufgabe 1.1

$$a - (b + c)$$

Aufgabe 1.2

$$5 + x \cdot y : z$$

Aufgabe 1.3

$$4 a : (2 + b) (1 - c)$$

Aufgabe 1.4

$$7p(2q - 4r + 3s) = 14pq - 28pr + 21sp$$

Aufgabe 1.5

$$(2c + 3d)^2 = 4c^2 + 12cd + 9d^2$$

Aufgabe 1.6

$$(u - 3)(u + 5) = u^2 + 2u - 15$$

Aufgabe 1.7

$$(4a - 2b)(3x - y) = 12ax - 4ay - 6bx + 2by$$

Aufgabe 1.8

$$(x + y - z)(x + y + z) = ((x + y) - z)((x + y) + z) \\ \stackrel{*}{=} (x + y)^2 - z^2 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2 - z^2$$

* 3. binomische Formel

Aufgabe 1.9

$$(v + w)(v - w)(v^2 - w^2) \stackrel{*}{=} (v^2 - w^2)(v^2 - w^2) \stackrel{**}{=} v^4 - 2v^2w^2 + w^4$$

* 3. binomische Formel

** 2. binomische Formel

Aufgabe 1.10

$$(a + b + c + d)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2 + 2ab + 2ac + 2ad + 2bc + 2bd + 2cd$$

<i>d</i>	<i>da</i>	<i>db</i>	<i>dc</i>	<i>d²</i>
<i>c</i>	<i>ca</i>	<i>cb</i>	<i>c²</i>	<i>cd</i>
<i>b</i>	<i>ba</i>	<i>b²</i>	<i>bc</i>	<i>bd</i>
<i>a</i>	<i>a²</i>	<i>ab</i>	<i>ac</i>	<i>ad</i>
	<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>

Aufgabe 1.11

$$x^2y^2 - xy = xy(xy - 1)$$

Aufgabe 1.12

$$au + av + bu + bv = a(u + v) + b(u + v) = (u + v)(a + b)$$

Aufgabe 1.13

$$y^2 - y - 30 = (y + 5)(y - 6)$$

Aufgabe 1.14

$$cr^2 - c - dr^2 + d = c(r^2 - 1) - d(r^2 - 1) = (r^2 - 1)(c - d) \\ = (r - 1)(r + 1)(c - d)$$

Aufgabe 1.15

$$-4t^2 - 4t + 48 = -4(t^2 + t - 12) = -4(t - 3)(t + 4)$$

Aufgabe 1.16

$$\begin{aligned} p^3 + p^2 - p - 1 &= p^2(p + 1) - (p + 1) = (p^2 - 1)(p + 1) \\ &= (p - 1)(p + 1)(p + 1) = (p - 1)(p + 1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1.17

$$\begin{aligned} 27ef - 18eg + 9f^2 - 12fg + 4g^2 &= 9e(3f - 2g) + (3f - 2g)^2 \\ &= (3f - 2g)(9e + (3f - 2g)) \\ &= (3f - 2g)(9e + 3f - 2g) \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1.18

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 5yz + z^3 &= (-1)(x^2 : (-1) - 5yz : (-1) + z^2 : (-1)) \\ &= -(-x^2 + 5yz - z^2) = -(5yz - x^2 - z^3) \end{aligned}$$

Die letzten beiden Terme werden als Lösung akzeptiert. Mit der Vertauschung der Summanden lässt sich jedoch das führende Minuszeichen in der Klammer vermeiden.

Aufgabe 1.19

$$\begin{aligned} 4a + \frac{1}{3}b - \frac{3}{4}c &= \frac{2}{5} \left(4a : \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3}b : \frac{2}{5} - \frac{3}{4}c : \frac{2}{5} \right) \\ &= \frac{2}{5} \left(10a + \frac{5}{6}b - \frac{15}{8}c \right) \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 1.20

$$x^2b + yc^3 = cx^2 \left(\frac{x^2b}{cx^2} + \frac{yc^3}{cx^2} \right) = cx^2 \left(\frac{b}{c} + \frac{yc^2}{x^2} \right)$$

Aufgabe 2.1

$$\begin{array}{r} (2x^3 - 5x^2 - 13x + 4) : (x - 4) = 2x^2 + 3x - 1 \\ - (2x^2 - 8x^2) \\ \hline 3x^2 - 13x \\ - (3x^2 - 12x) \\ \hline - x - 4 \\ - (-x - 4) \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

Aufgabe 2.2

$$\begin{array}{r} (6x^3 - 7x^2 + 0x + 8) : (3x + 1) = 2x^2 - 3x + 1 + \frac{7}{3x + 1} \\ - (6x^2 + 2x^2) \\ \hline -9x^2 + 0x \\ - (-9x^2 - 3x) \\ \hline 3x + 8 \\ - (3x + 1) \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$$

Aufgabe 3.1

$$\begin{array}{r} 18a^2bc^3 = 2 \quad 3 \quad 3 \quad a \quad a \quad b \quad c \quad c \quad c \\ 8ab^4 = 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad a \quad b \quad b \quad b \quad b \\ \hline \text{ggT} : 2 \quad a \quad b = 2ab \\ \text{kgV} : 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 3 \quad a \quad a \quad b \quad b \quad b \quad b \quad c \quad c \quad c = 72a^2b^4c^3 \end{array}$$

Aufgabe 3.2

$$\begin{array}{r} a = a \\ a + b = (a + b) \\ \hline \text{ggT} : 1 \\ \text{kgV} : a(a + b) = a(a + b) \end{array}$$

Aufgabe 3.3

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - y^2 = (x - y)(x + y) \\ 2x - 2y = 2(x - y) \\ \hline \text{ggT} : (x - y) = x - y \\ \text{kgV} : 2(x - y)(x + y) = 2(x - y)(x + y) \end{array}$$

Aufgabe 3.4

$$\begin{array}{r} d^2 - 9 = (d - 3)(d + 3) \\ d - 3 = (d - 3) \\ d^2 - 9d + 18 = (d - 3)(d - 6) \\ \hline \text{ggT} : (d - 3) = (d - 3) \\ \text{kgV} : (d - 3)(d + 3)(d - 6) = (d - 3)(d + 3)(d - 6) \end{array}$$

Aufgabe 4.1

$$\frac{6f^4g^3h^5}{2f^3gh^2} = 3fg^2h^3$$

Aufgabe 4.2

$$\frac{2m}{4mn - 2m} = \frac{2m}{2m(2n - 1)} = \frac{1}{2n - 1}$$

Aufgabe 4.3

$$\frac{p^3 - p^2}{p^3 + p^2} = \frac{p^2(p - 1)}{p^2(p + 1)} = \frac{p - 1}{p + 1}$$

Aufgabe 4.4

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{as + at + bs + bt}{2s + 2t} &= \frac{a(s + t) + b(s + t)}{2(s + t)} = \frac{(a + b)(s + t)}{2(s + t)} \\ &= \frac{a + b}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4.5

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{yz^2 + 2yz - 8y}{yz - 2y + 5z - 10} &= \frac{y(z^2 + 2z - 8)}{y(z - 2) + 5(z - 2)} \\ &= \frac{y(z - 2)(z + 4)}{(z - 2)(y + 5)} = \frac{y(z + 4)}{y + 5} \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4.6

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{25u^2 - 9(v - 1)^2}{6v - 10u - 6} &= \frac{[5u - 3(v - 1)] \cdot [5u + 3(v - 1)]}{6v - 10u - 6} \\ &= \frac{(5u - 2v + 3)(5u + 3v - 3)}{-2(5u - 3v + 3)} \\ &= \frac{5u + 3v - 3}{-2} = \frac{3 - 5u - 3v}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4.7

$$\left(\frac{r^2}{9s^2u}, \frac{1}{r^2u^2}, \frac{8u}{15rs} \right) = \left(\frac{5r^4u}{45r^2s^2u^2}, \frac{45s^2}{45r^2s^2u^2}, \frac{24rsu^3}{45r^2s^2u^2} \right)$$

Aufgabe 4.8

$$\left(\frac{1}{t^2 - t}, \frac{t - 1}{t} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{t(t - 1)}, \frac{(t - 1)^2}{t(t - 1)} \right)$$

Aufgabe 4.9

$$\left(\frac{n}{n - 5}, \frac{5}{5 - n} \right) = \left(\frac{n}{n - 5}, \frac{-5}{n - 5} \right)$$

Aufgabe 4.10

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{1}{6x^2y}, \frac{5}{8xy^2}\right) &= \left(\frac{1 \cdot 4y}{6x^2y \cdot 4y}, \frac{5 \cdot 3x}{8xy^2 \cdot 3x}\right) \\ &= \left(\frac{4y}{24x^2y^2}, \frac{15x}{24x^2y^2}\right)\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 4.11

$$\left(\frac{2}{x}, \frac{3}{y}, \frac{5}{z}\right) = \left(\frac{2yz}{xyz}, \frac{3xz}{xyz}, \frac{5xy}{xyz}\right)$$

Aufgabe 5.1

$$\frac{5}{3n} + \frac{2}{3n} - \frac{4}{3n} = \frac{5+2-4}{3n} = \frac{3}{3n} = \frac{1}{n}$$

Aufgabe 5.2

$$\frac{1}{m+1} + \frac{m}{1+m} = \frac{1}{1+m} + \frac{m}{1+m} = \frac{1+m}{1+m} = 1$$

Aufgabe 5.3

$$\frac{1}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r^3} = \frac{r}{r^3} - \frac{1}{r^3} = \frac{r-1}{r^3}$$

Aufgabe 5.4

$$d - \frac{nd-2}{n} = \frac{nd}{n} - \frac{nd-2}{n} = \frac{nd - (nd-2)}{n} = \frac{nd - nd + 2}{n} = \frac{2}{n}$$

Aufgabe 5.5

$$\begin{aligned}e - \frac{e^2-2}{e-2} &= \frac{e(e-2)}{e-2} - \frac{e^2-2}{e-2} = \frac{e(e-2) - (e^2-2)}{e-2} \\ &= \frac{e^2 - 2e - e^2 + 2}{e-2} = \frac{2-2e}{e-2}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 5.6

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x+y}{x-y} - \frac{x-y}{x+y} &= \frac{(x+y)(x+y)}{(x-y)(x+y)} - \frac{(x-y)(x-y)}{(x+y)(x-y)} \\ &= \frac{x^2 + 2xy + y^2 - (x^2 - 2xy + y^2)}{(x+y)(x-y)} \\ &= \frac{4xy}{(x+y)(x-y)}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 5.7

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{c}{c-d} - \frac{2cd}{c^2-d^2} - \frac{d}{c+d} \\ &= \frac{c(c+d)}{(c-d)(c+d)} - \frac{2cd}{(c-d)(c+d)} - \frac{d(c-d)}{(c-d)(c+d)} \\ &= \frac{c^2+cd-2cd-(cd-d^2)}{(c-d)(c+d)} \\ &= \frac{c^2-2cd+d^2}{(c-d)(c+d)} = \frac{(c-d)^2}{(c-d)(c+d)} = \frac{c-d}{c+d} \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 5.8

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{c}{c^2-8c+16} + \frac{2}{c^2-6c+8} \\ &= \frac{c}{(c-4)(c-4)} + \frac{2}{(c-2)(c-4)} \\ &= \frac{c(c-2)}{(c-4)(c-4)(c-2)} + \frac{2(c-4)}{(c-2)(c-4)(c-4)} \\ &= \frac{(c^2-2c)+(2c-8)}{(c-4)(c-4)(c-2)} = \frac{c^2-8}{(c-4)(c-4)(c-2)} \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 5.9

$$\frac{7}{e-1} + \frac{6}{1-e} = \frac{7}{e-1} + \frac{-6}{e-1} = \frac{7+(-6)}{e-1} = \frac{1}{e-1}$$

Aufgabe 5.10

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{5}{4x-8y} + \frac{3}{5x-10y} - \frac{11}{6x-12y} \\ &= \frac{5}{4(x-2y)} + \frac{3}{5(x-2y)} - \frac{11}{6(x-2y)} \\ &= \frac{75}{60(x-2y)} + \frac{36}{60(x-2y)} - \frac{110}{60(x-2y)} \\ &= \frac{75+36-110}{60(x-2y)} = \frac{1}{60(x-2y)} \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 5.11

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2x-1}{x-3} - \frac{2x(x+2)}{x^2-9} - \frac{2}{3x} &= \frac{2x-1}{x-3} - \frac{2x(x+2)}{(x+3)(x-3)} - \frac{2}{3x} \\ &= \frac{3x(2x-1)(x+3)}{3x(x-3)(x+3)} - \frac{3x \cdot 2x(x+2)}{3x(x+3)(x-3)} - \frac{2(x+3)(x-3)}{3x(x+3)(x-3)} \\ &= \frac{3x(2x^2+5x-3) - 6x^2(x+2) - 2(x^2-9)}{3x(x+3)(x-3)} \\ &= \frac{6x^3+15x^2-9x-6x^3-12x^2-2x^2+18}{3x(x+3)(x-3)} \\ &= \frac{x^2-9x+18}{3x(x+3)(x-3)} = \frac{(x-3)(x-6)}{3x(x+3)(x-3)} = \frac{x-6}{3x(x+3)} \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 6.1

$$ac^2 \cdot \frac{b}{cd} = \frac{ac^2 \cdot b}{cd} = \frac{abc}{d}$$

Aufgabe 6.2

$$(2x+2y) \cdot \frac{5a}{x+y} = \frac{2(x+y) \cdot 5a}{x+y} = 10a$$

Aufgabe 6.3

$$\frac{-14x^2y^3}{15uv} \cdot \frac{20u^2}{-21xy^4} = \frac{14x^2y^3 \cdot 20u^2}{15uv \cdot 21xy^4} = \frac{2x^2y^3 \cdot 4u^2}{3uv \cdot 3xy^4} = \frac{8ux}{9vy}$$

Aufgabe 6.4

$$\frac{d-1}{2d} \cdot \frac{d^2}{1-d} = \frac{-(1-d)d^2}{2d(1-d)} = \frac{-d}{2}$$

Aufgabe 6.5

$$\left(\frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{a}\right)(a-b) = \frac{a+b}{ab} \cdot (a-b) = \frac{(a+b)(a-b)}{ab} = \frac{a^2-b^2}{ab}$$

Aufgabe 6.6

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x^2-x-12}{x^2-6x+8} \cdot \frac{x^2-4x+4}{x^2-9} &= \frac{(x-4)(x+3)}{(x-2)(x-4)} \cdot \frac{(x-2)^2}{(x-3)(x+3)} \\ &= \frac{x-2}{x-3} \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 6.7

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{a}{c}\right) \left(\frac{c}{a} + \frac{c}{b}\right) &= \frac{ac + ad}{cd} \cdot \frac{bc + ac}{ab} \\ &= \frac{a(c+d)}{cd} \cdot \frac{c(a+b)}{ab} = \frac{(a+b)(c+d)}{bd}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 6.8

$$5x : \frac{35x^2}{4y} = 5x \cdot \frac{4y}{35x^2} = \frac{4y}{7x}$$

Aufgabe 6.9

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{s^4 - 9}{s + 3} : (3 - s^2) &= \frac{(s^2 - 3)(s^2 + 3)}{s + 3} \cdot \frac{1}{3 - s^2} \\ &= \frac{-(3 - s^2)(s^2 + 3)}{(s + 3)(3 - s^2)} = \frac{-(s^2 + 3)}{s + 3}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 6.10

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x^2 - 3x - 10}{x^2 - 2x - 8} : \frac{x^2 - 25}{x^2 + 2x - 24} &= \frac{(x+2)(x-5)}{(x+2)(x-4)} : \frac{(x-5)(x+5)}{(x+6)(x-4)} \\ &= \frac{x-5}{x-4} \cdot \frac{(x+6)(x-4)}{(x-5)(x+5)} \\ &= \frac{x+6}{x+5}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 6.11

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{3x - 8y}{4} + \frac{4y^2 - 9z^2}{3x}\right) : \left(\frac{3x - 4y}{2x} + \frac{3z}{x}\right) \\ &= \frac{3x(3x - 8y) + 4(4y^2 - 9z^2)}{12x} : \frac{3x - 4y + 6z}{2x} \\ &= \frac{9x^2 - 24x + 16y^2 - 36z^2}{12x} \cdot \frac{2x}{3x - 4y + 6z} \\ &= \frac{(3x - 4y)^2 - 36z^2}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{3x - 4y + 6z} \\ &= \frac{(3x - 4y - 6z)(3x - 4y + 6z)}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{3x - 4y + 6z} \\ &= \frac{3x - 4y - 6z}{6}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 7.1

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{m-n}{m+n} + 1\right)^2 &= \left(\frac{m-n}{m+n} + \frac{m+n}{m+n}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{m-n+(m+n)}{m+n}\right)^2 \\ &= \left(\frac{2m}{m+n}\right)^2 = \frac{4m^2}{(m+n)^2}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 7.2

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{r^3-1}{r^3} - \frac{r^2-r-1}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r}\right) : \frac{1}{r^3} \\ &= \frac{r^3-1 - r(r^2-r-1) - r^2}{r^3} \cdot \frac{r^3}{1} \\ &= \frac{r^3-1 - r^3 + r^2 + r - r^2}{r^3} \cdot \frac{r^3}{1} \\ &= \frac{r-1}{r^3} \cdot \frac{r^3}{1} = r-1\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 7.3

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{2n+1}{2n-1} - \frac{2n-1}{2n+1}\right) \left(\frac{n}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8n}\right) \\ &= \left(\frac{(2n+1)(2n+1)}{(2n-1)(2n+1)} - \frac{(2n-1)(2n-1)}{(2n+1)(2n-1)}\right) \left(\frac{4n^2}{8n} - \frac{4n}{8n} + \frac{1}{8n}\right) \\ &= \frac{4n^2+4n+1 - (4n^2-4n+1)}{(2n+1)(2n-1)} \cdot \frac{4n^2-4n+1}{8n} \\ &= \frac{8n}{(2n+1)(2n-1)} \cdot \frac{(2n-1)^2}{8n} = \frac{2n-1}{2n+1}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 8.1

$$\frac{54k^2}{\frac{65t}{81k}} = \frac{54k^2}{65t} : \frac{81k}{75t^2} = \frac{54k^2}{65t} \cdot \frac{75t^2}{81k} = \frac{10kt}{13}$$

Aufgabe 8.2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{2e-6f}{\frac{3e^2-9ef}{2f}} &= 2(e-3f) : \frac{3e(e-3f)}{2f} \\ &= \frac{2(e-3f)}{1} \cdot \frac{2f}{3e(e-3f)} = \frac{4f}{3e}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 8.3

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{c}{d}}{\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{b}} &= \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{c}{d}\right) : \left(\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{b}\right) = \frac{ad - cb}{bd} : \frac{b - d}{bd} \\ &= \frac{ad - cb}{bd} \cdot \frac{bd}{b - d} = \frac{ad - bc}{b - d}\end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 9.1

$$\frac{3}{x} - \frac{1}{2x} = 4 \quad D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} \quad || \cdot 2x$$

$$6 - 1 = 8x$$

$$5 = 8x$$

$$x = \frac{5}{8} \quad L = \left\{\frac{5}{8}\right\}$$

Aufgabe 9.2

$$\frac{x - 6}{x} = \frac{x}{x + 10} \quad D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0, -10\} \quad || \cdot x(x + 10)$$

$$(x + 10)(x - 6) = x^2$$

$$x^2 + 4x - 60 = x^2$$

$$4x - 60 = 0$$

$$4x = 60$$

$$x = 15 \quad L = \{15\}$$

Aufgabe 9.3

$$\frac{x}{x - 3} = \frac{x + 1}{9 - 3x} \quad \mathbb{D} = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{3\}$$

$$\frac{x}{x - 3} = \frac{x + 1}{-3(3 - x)} \quad (\text{Bruch rechts mit } -1 \text{ erweitern})$$

$$\frac{x}{x - 3} = \frac{-(x + 1)}{3(3 - x)} \quad || \cdot 3(3 - x)$$

$$3x = -(x + 1)$$

$$3x = -x - 1$$

$$4x = -1$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{4} \quad L = \left\{-\frac{1}{4}\right\}$$

Aufgabe 9.4

$$\frac{x+3}{x-2} - \frac{x+2}{x-3} = \frac{x-5}{x^2-5x+6} \quad D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{2, 3\}$$

$$\frac{x+3}{x-2} - \frac{x+2}{x-3} = \frac{x-5}{(x-2)(x-3)} \quad || \cdot (x-2)(x-3)$$

$$(x+3)(x-3) - (x+2)(x-2) = x-5$$

$$x^2 - 9 - (x^2 - 4) = x - 5$$

$$-5 = x - 5$$

$$0 = x \quad L = \{0\}$$

Aufgabe 9.5

$$\frac{8}{x+2} = \frac{8}{9} \quad D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-2\}$$

$$x+2 = 9$$

$$x = 7 \quad L = \{7\}$$

Aufgabe 9.6

$$\left(3 - \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(2 - \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(0 - \frac{1}{n}\right) = 0$$

$$\underbrace{\left(\frac{3}{1} - \frac{3}{3n}\right)}_{1=3n} \underbrace{\left(\frac{2}{1} - \frac{2}{2n}\right)}_{1=2n} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{n}\right)}_{1=n} \left(0 - \frac{1}{n}\right) = 0$$

$$L = \left\{\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1\right\}$$

Aufgabe 9.7 (aka 9.4)

$$2x - \frac{dx}{2} = c \quad || \cdot 2$$

$$4x - dx = 2c$$

$$x(4-d) = 2$$

$$x = \frac{2}{4-d}$$

Aufgabe 9.8 (aka 9.5)

$$\frac{1}{x-t} = 1 - \frac{1}{t} \quad || \cdot t(x-t)$$

$$t = t(x-t) - (x-t)$$

$$t = tx - t^2 - x + t$$

$$x - tx = t^2$$

$$x(1-t) = t^2$$

$$x = \frac{t^2}{1-t}$$

Aufgabe 9.9 (aka 9.6)

Zähler des Bruchs: x

Nenner des Bruchs: $x+3$

$$\frac{x}{x+3} + 1 = \frac{3}{2} \quad || \cdot 2(x+3)$$

$$2x + 2(x+3) = 3(x+3)$$

$$2x + 2x + 6 = 3x + 9$$

$$x = 3$$

Der Bruch hat den Wert $\frac{3}{8}$.

Aufgabe 9.10 (aka 9.7)

Zeit, welche die kleine Pumpe für 1 Tank braucht: x Minuten

Zeit, welche die grosse Pumpe für 1 Tank braucht: 20 Minuten

Zeit, welche beide Pumpen für 1 Tank braucht: 15 Minuten

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{20} = \frac{1}{15} \quad || \cdot 60x$$

$$60 + 3x = 4x$$

$$x = 60$$

Die kleine Pumpe würde den Tank alleine in 60 Minuten füllen.